

Initial estimates reveal Q3FY25 GDP could be ~6.2%-6.3%

Q2 NUMBERS WERE A BLIP....PATTERNS OF DEMAND AND CONSUMPTION SEEM BUOYANT IN Q3 AS ARE CAPEX TRENDS... INDIA INC. EXHIBITS BETTER EBIDTA AND CORPORATE GVA

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Executive Summary



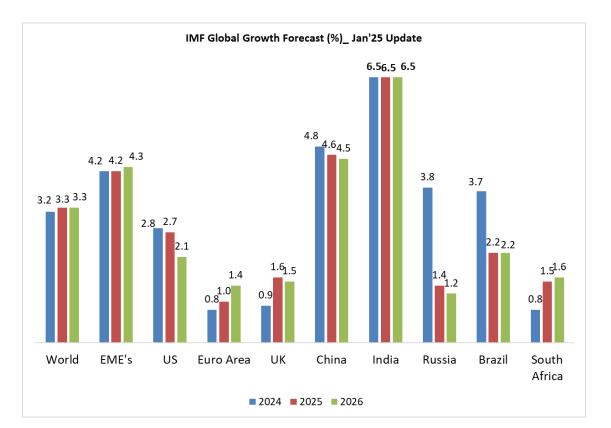
- □ Despite upheavals in global geo-politics, and trade/supply chains being susceptible to winds of re-globalization, Indian economy has been leaning against the winds
- Impinging upon our in-house developed 'Nowcasting Model' that leverages 36 high frequency indicators, we estimate the GDP growth for Q3 FY25 should come around 6.2%-6.3% (data due on 28th February)..Presuming no major revisions announced in the erstwhile Q1 and Q2 figures by NSO, we estimate the FY25 full year GDP at 6.3%
- □ The % of indicators showing acceleration has increased to 74% in Q3FY25 vs 71% in Q2FY25...Continuing the momentum, a healthy rural economy is further reinforcing stability and sustains momentum in other sectors even as rural agriculture wage growth is consistent and domestic tractor sales and rabi crop sown have picked up momentum
- □ CAPEX is showing improvement in Q3 FY25 with majority of the states' capex as % of BE being lower in FY25 on date but embracing a momentum in Q3 FY25 which augurs well for future developments
- □ IIP manufacturing growth has improved from 3.3 % in Q2 FY25 to 4.3 % in Q3 FY25 and SBI Index also showing positive momentum in Q3
- □ Indian Inc. has reported positive EBIDTA growth/margins (44 bps) after two quarters, while Corporate GVA has improved substantially (QoQ)

Global Growth Momentum Expected to be Stable



- The slowdown in Q3CY24 down by intensifying geopolitical developments, supply chain disruption and the consequent imported inflationary pressures - was not just for India. Despite that, India continued to remain one of the fastest growing economies
- Recent update of IMF global growth forecast estimate India's growth at 6.5% for both FY25 and FY26 on the back of robust domestic demand, infrastructure support and Govts' strategic policy interventions

GDP growth(YoY)%							
	Q1 CY25	Q2 CY25	Q3 CY25	Q4 CY25			
India	7.8	6.7	5.4	-			
Singapore	3.2	3.4	5.7	5.0			
Malaysia	4.2	5.9	5.4	5.0			
Philippines	5.8	6.4	5.2	5.2			
Indonesia	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.0			
China	5.3	4.7	4.6	5.4			
Russian Federation	5.4	4.1	3.1	-			
Thailand	1.7	2.3	3.0	3.2			
United States	3.1	3.0	2.5	2.8			
United Kingdom	0.3	2.0	2.1	-			
France	1.3	0.7	1.7	0.9			
Canada	1.0	0.9	1.5	-			
South Korea	3.3	2.3	1.5	1.2			
European Union	0.3	0.9	1.3	-			
Japan	-0.8	-0.8	0.6	1.2			
Germany	-0.8	0.1	0.1	-0.4			
Average	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1			



Outlook for GDP Growth in Q3FY25



■ To estimate GDP statistically, we have built a 'Nowcasting Model' with 36 high frequency indicators associated with industry activity, service activity, and global economy. The model uses the dynamic factor model to estimate the common or representative or latent factor of all the high frequency indicators from Q4 of FY13 to Q1 of FY23

As per our (SBI) 'Nowcasting Model', the forecasted GDP growth for Q3 FY25 would be 6.2-6.3%, the actual data will be released on 28th Feb 2025. The details of the full model were shared in SBI Ecowrap dated 20 Nov'20 (click

Here).

Real GDP Projections					
	SBI	NSO			
Q1 FY25 (Actual)		6.7%			
Q2 FY25 (Actual)		5.4%			
Q3 FY25	6.2%-6.3%	-			
Q4 FY25	Above 6.5%	-			
FY25 P	6.3%	6.4%			
Source: RBI; SBI Research					

Mapping of Leading Indicators with GDP Growth						
Year	Quarter	GDP Growth (%)	% of indicators showing acceleration			
			Overall			
	Q1 FY23	12.8	79			
EV22	Q2 FY23	5.5	69			
FY23	Q3 FY23	4.3	73			
	Q4 FY23	6.2	76			
FY24	Q1 FY24	8.2	70			
	Q2 FY24	8.1	80			
	Q3 FY24	8.6	80			
	Q4 FY24	7.8	86			
	Q1FY25	6.7	78			
FY25	Q2 FY25	5.4	71			
	Q3 FY25(P)		75			
Source: SBI Research						

Revisions in Q1 and Q2 GDP numbers possible

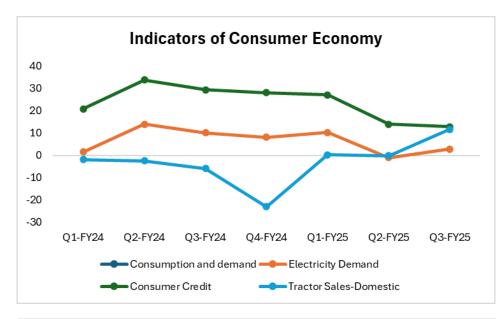


- □ NSO may revise Q1 and Q2 estimates in 28 Feb'25
 Release of 2nd Revised estimate of FY25 GDP
- Assuming there are no major revisions in Q1 and Q2, estimates, we are expecting FY25 GDP at 6.3%

Revision in Real GDP Estimates								
Year	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Revision		
2024-25	6.5	5.4			6.4	1AE		
	7.8	7.6			7.3	1AE		
2023-24	8.2	8.1	8.4	5.9	7.6	2AE		
	8.2	8.1	8.6	7.8	8.2	PE		
	13.5	6.3			7.0	1AE		
2022 22	13.2	6.3	4.4	5.1	7.0	2AE		
2022-23	13.1	6.2	4.5	6.1	7.2	PE		
	12.8	5.5	4.3	6.2	7.0	1RE		
	20.1	8.4	-	-	9.2	IAE		
	20.3	8.5	5.4	4.6	8.9	2AE		
2021-22	20.1	8.4	5.4	4.1	8.7	PE		
	21.6	9.1	5.2	4.0	9.1	1RE		
	22.6	9.9	5.5	4.5	9.7	2RE		
	-23.9	-7.5	-	-	-7.7	IAE		
	-24.4	-7.3	0.4	-1.1	-8.0	2AE		
	-24.4	-7.4	0.5	1.6	-7.3	PE		
2020-21	-23.8	-6.6	0.7	2.5	-6.6	1RE		
	-23.2	-5.6	1.7	3.5	-5.8	2RE		
	-23.1	-5.8	1.8	3.3	-5.8	3RE		
	5.0	4.5	-	-	5.0	IAE		
2019-20	5.6	5.1	4.7	4.7	5.0	2AE		
	5.2	4.4	4.1	3.1	4.2	PE		
	5.4	4.6	3.3	3.0	4	1RE		
	4.9	4.2	3.2	2.8	3.7	2RE		
	5.1	4.3	3.3	2.9	3.9	3RE		
Source: NSO, SBI Research								

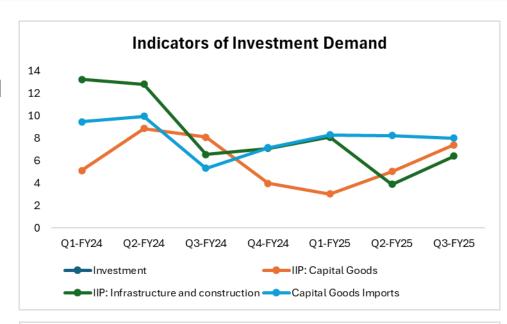
Snapshot of Economy – leading indicators perk up

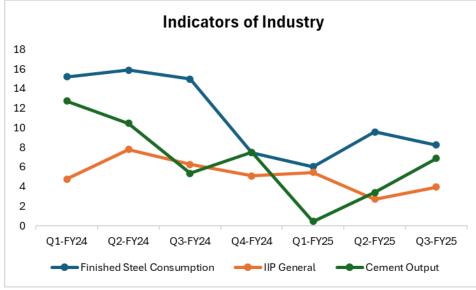


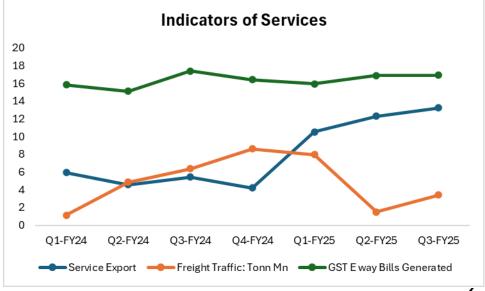


Leading indicators show strong upward movement across all domains including consumer economy, investment demand, industry, and services signaling robust

momentum



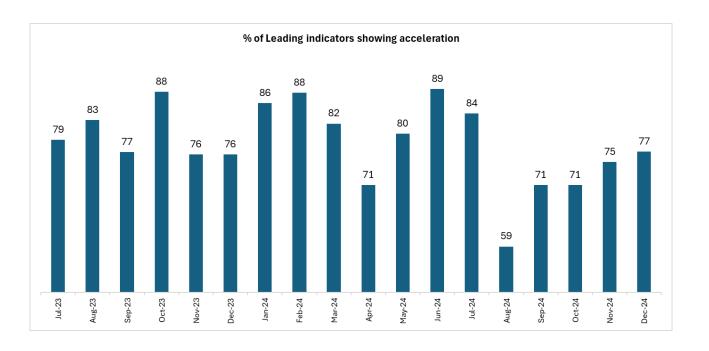


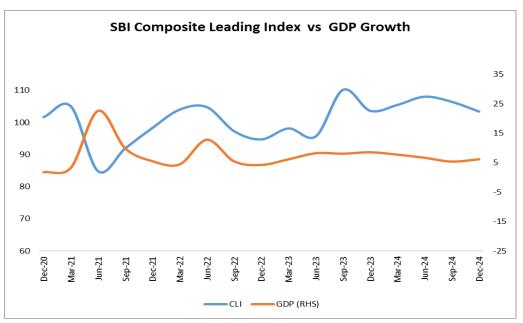


Aggregating Leading Indicators pictures rising prospects



- We track 36 leading indicators in consumption and demand, Agri, Industry, service and other indicators, which indicate a spike in Q3FY25 growth. The % of indicators showing acceleration has increased to 74% in Q3FY25 vs 71% in Q2FY25
- GDP Growth as per SBI composite leading indicator (CLI) Index (a basket of 36 leading indicators which includes parameters from almost all the sectors) based on monthly data shows a slight uptick in economic activity in Q3. This increase in economic activity in Q3FY25 indicate GDP may grow in the range of 6.2-6.3%

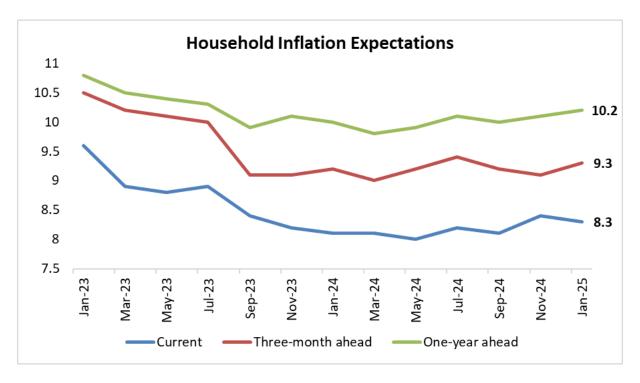


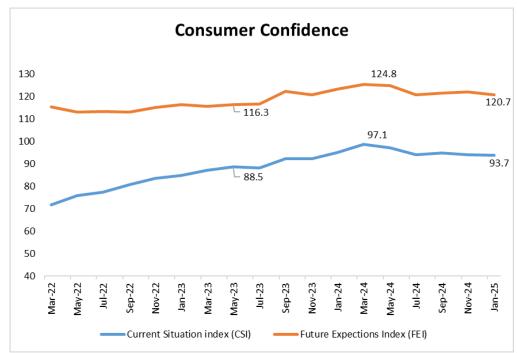


Taking cue from RBI surveys....



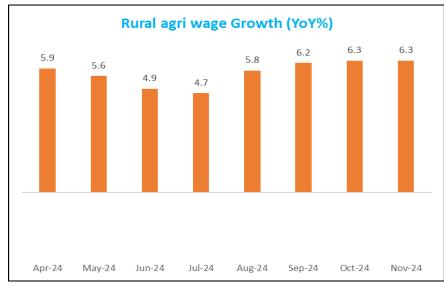
- Slowdown in current household inflation expectations encourages higher discretionary spending and drives demand-led growth
- Moderation in declining consumer confidence suggests that households are now optimistic about global developments, disinflation process, and economic prospects – enabling long-term sustainable growth

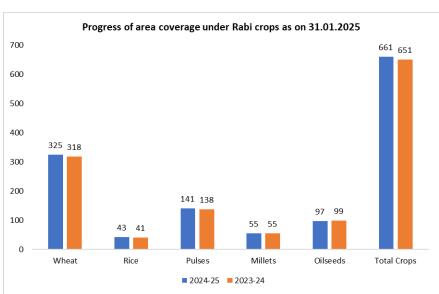




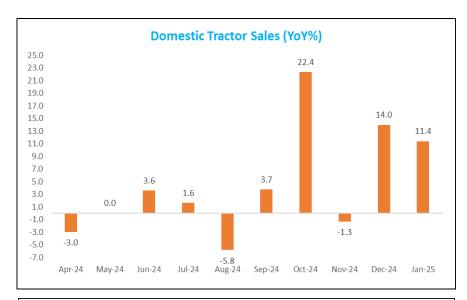
Resilient rural consumption – Key for robust growth

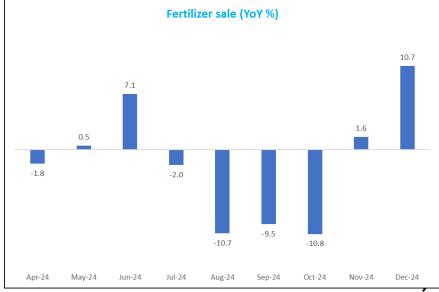






- Rural agriculture wage growth is consistent
- Domestic tractor sales and rabi crop sown has picked up momentum
- A healthy rural economy reinforces stability and sustains momentum in other sectors as well

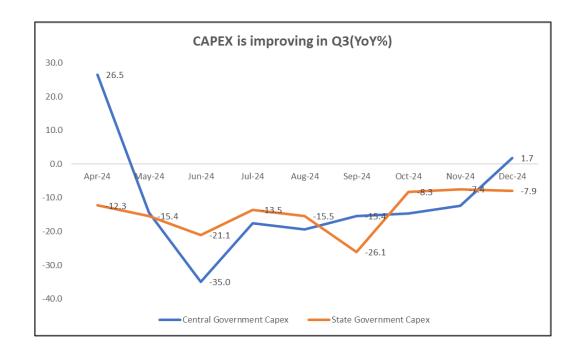




CAPEX is showing improvement in Q3 FY25



□ Majority of the states Capex as % of BE is lower in FY25, however taking a momentum in Q3 FY25

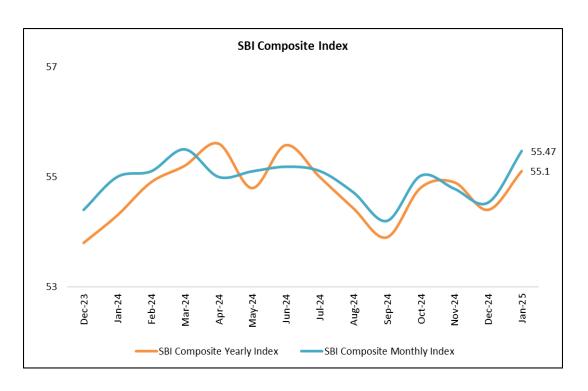


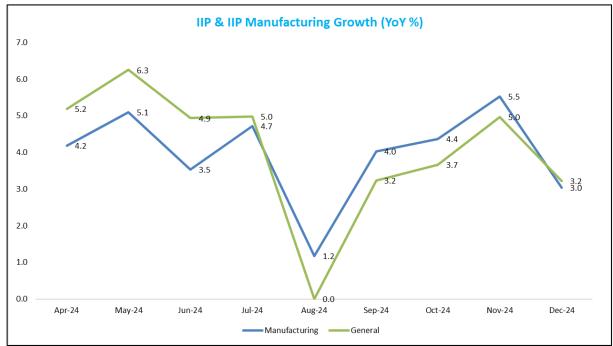
State wise Capital Expenditure as % of Budgeted_FY25 Vs FY24(9 M)						
States	FY25	FY24	4 States FY25		FY24	
Central	62%	67%	Madhya Pradesh	65%	71%	
All States	43%	46%	Maharashtra	29%	30%	
Andhra Pradesh	27%	62%	Odisha	42%	52%	
Bihar	60%	67%	Punjab	57%	29%	
Chhattisgarh	22%	31%	Rajasthan	52%	50%	
Gujarat	43%	46%	Tamil Nadu	47%	55%	
Haryana	66%	69%	Telangana	76%	84%	
Himachal Pradesh	50%	55%	Uttar Pradesh	41%	44%	
Jharkhand	17%	48%	Uttarakhand 40%		37%	
Karnataka	46%	35%	West Bengal 34% 45		45%	
Kerala	65%	63%				
Source: CAG, CGA, CEIC, SBI Research						

Manufacturing growth is recovering in Q3 FY25



- □ IIP manufacturing growth has improved from 3.3 % in Q2 FY25 to 4.3 % in Q3 FY25
- SBI Composite Index also showing positive momentum in Q3FY25





Q3FY25 - Indian Inc. reported positive EBIDTA growth after two quarters, margin improved.

o SBI

- Around 4000 Corporate in listed space reported revenue growth of 6.2% while EBIDTA and profit after tax (PAT) grew by around 11% and 12% respectively in Q3FY25 as compared to Q3FY24
- □ Further, Corporate ex BFSI represented by more than 3400 listed entities reported revenue and PAT growth of 5% and 9% respectively, in Q3FY25 as compared to Q3FY24
- What is pertinent to mention is the same set of corporate reported EBIDTA growth of around 5% in Q3FY25 as compared to negative EBIDTA growth in last two quarters of FY25
- At aggregate level, EBIDTA margin improved by around 44 bps in Q3FY25 to 14.84% from 14.4% in Q2FY25
- Corporate GVA improved by around 300 bps in Q3FY25 (YoY)
 to 9.55%

Corporate GVA					
No of Companies	Growth (%)				
3899	11.23				
3908	20.12				
3958	28.62				
3904	46.79				
3959	26.28				
4162	17.18				
4155	10.90				
4015	6.64				
4077	9.55				
	No of Companies 3899 3908 3958 3904 3959 4162 4155 4015				

Source: SBI Research; CLIne; listed entities; GVA as measured by EBIDTA+Employee expenses

Corporate Results Key Parameters							
Otro	Rs in crore			EBIDTA	Growth % (YoY)		
Qtr.	Net Sales	EBIDTA	PAT	Margin %	Net Sales	EBIDTA	PAT
Q3FY23	2177015	266074	145126	12.22%	15	-9	-16
Q4FY23	2229585	291331	193157	13.07%	9	-1	-3
Q1FY24	2151039	340062	200978	15.81%	-2	23	33
Q2FY24	2211514	336026	196940	15.19%	-0.3	41	42
Q3FY24	2247976	336131	206027	14.95%	3.3	26	42
Q4FY24	2385547	339853	203521	14.25%	5.2	14	3
Q1FY25	2298623	344305	211099	14.97%	5.7	-1	3
Q2FY25	2297890	330977	208657	14.40%	3.9	-1.5	6
Q3FY25	2406526	357329	227840	14.84%	5.4	5.2	9
Source: SBI Research; Cline; around 3500 listed entities ex BFSI							



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